PAVO: A Phase-II, Open Label, Single Arm Study of Niraparib in Patients with Locally Advanced/Metastatic PALB2 Mutated Tumors



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BACKGROUND

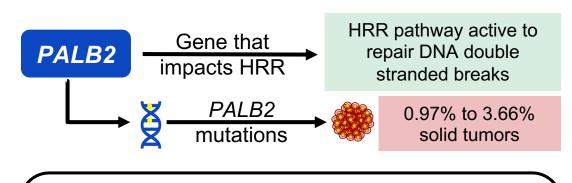


Poly (ADP-ribose) polymerase inhibitors (PARPi)

Solid tumors with Homologous Recombination Deficiency (HRD)*

* inability to repair DNA double-stranded breaks via the Homologous Recombination Repair (HRR) pathway

While *BRCA1/2* mutations are main drivers of HRR deficiency, mutations in other genes such as PALB2 are also associated with susceptibility to various cancers.

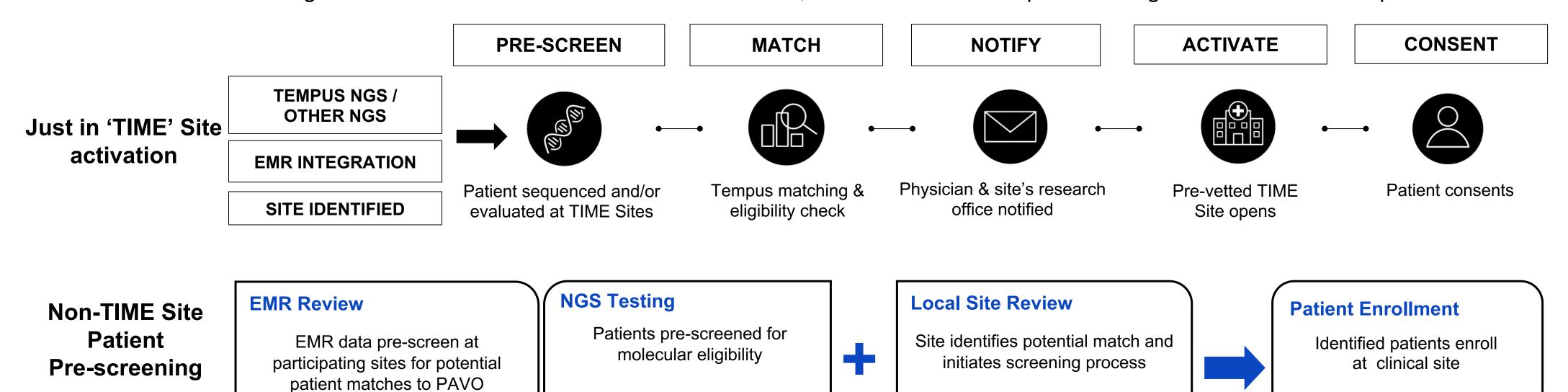


Hypothesis: Patients with germline or somatic *PALB2* mutations may benefit from PARPi treatment, as a potential tumor agnostic therapy option.

STUDY DESIGN AND PRESCREENING ALGORITHM

Tempus molecular data tracking and the TIME Trial program enable precision-medicine guided identification and prescreening of patients with rare tPALB2 alterations

Enrollment occurs through a combination of TIME and other clinical sites, where individualized prescreening models are in development



STUDY RATIONALE

The purpose of this study is to evaluate the efficacy and safety of niraparib in patients with locally advanced/metastatic solid tumors harboring a pathogenic or likely pathogenic PALB2 (tPALB2) mutation

POPULATION

Key Inclusion Criteria

- ✓ Locally advanced or metastatic solid tumor(s) ✓ Confirmed pathogenic or likely pathogenic somatic or germline PALB2 mutation
- Received all standard of care (SOC) therapy for tumor type, or are unlikely to derive benefit from SOC therapy
- ECOG performance status 0 or 1

Key Exclusion Criteria

- ✓ Confirmed BRCA1/2 mutation
- Prior treatment with any PARPi
- ✓ Ovarian or prostate cancer
- ✓ Rapid progression while on platinumbased therapy in the metastatic setting

Trial Summary: Methods, Endpoints, and Statistics

Multi-center, open label study

Enrolling solid tumors with tPALB2 mutations

Up to 110 subjects

Niraparib, daily dosing

CT / MRI evaluation every 8 weeks

Study treatment until:

- Documented radiographic progression,
- Unacceptable toxicity,
- Death, or
- Consent withdrawal

Study endpoints

Primary endpoint - Overall response rate (ORR) using RECIST 1.1

Key Secondary Endpoints:

- Duration of response (DOR)
- Progression-free survival (PFS)
- Safety and tolerability (adverse events)

Statistical / Interim analyses: Primary efficacy endpoint (ORR) will be assessed using the Bayesian Optimal Phase 2 (BOP2) design, with interim analysis planned when 40 participants have completed their assessment of efficacy (ORR as assessed by Independent Radiology Central Review).

Protocol Number - TMPS-101 Compound Name - Niraparib (GSK3985771) Clinical Trial Registry - NCT05169437

- Clinical Benefit Rate (CBR)
- per NCI-CTCAE v5.0

CURRENT STATUS

- Trial open since March 2022
- Currently 13 open sites
- Enrollment, new site identification, referral to opened sites, and molecular prescreening activities are all ongoing.

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